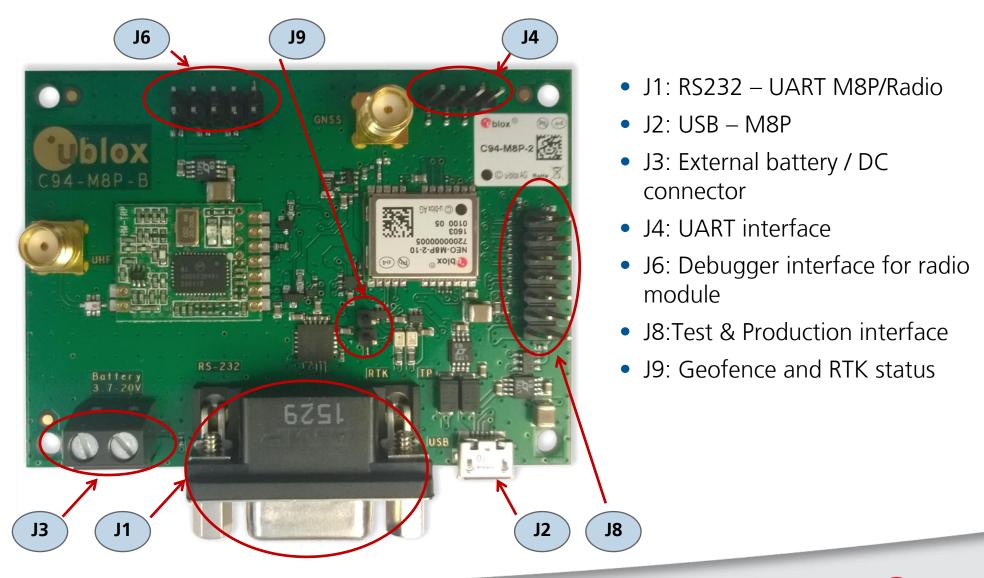
# **C94-M8P Application Board Setup Guide**

locate, communicate, accelerate



#### **C94-M8P Board Connections and Interfaces**



#### Setting up the C94-M8P

- Two C94-M8P boards the "Base" and the "Rover" need to be set up:
  - 1. Connect the UHF whip antenna to the SMA connector "UHF"
  - 2. Connect the GNSS patch antenna to the SMA connector "GNSS"
  - 3. Connect the USB port on the board to a PC (for power and configuration)





## **Preparing to Configure the C94-M8P**

To configure your C94-M8P kit you need to first:

 Download the latest u-center from <a href="https://www.u-blox.com/en/product/u-center-windows">https://www.u-blox.com/en/product/u-center-windows</a>



## **Updating firmware on C94-M8P**

Before starting the evaluation, check that the application boards are using the latest firmware (currently HPG 1.20). Information on the latest firmware is published on the u-blox web site. To update the firmware, follow the steps described in the u-center User Guide, chapter 7.1, Firmware Update u-blox 5-8.

See <a href="https://www.u-blox.com/en/product/u-center-windows">https://www.u-blox.com/en/product/u-center-windows</a>.

- All the changes in configuration are lost when application boards are updated. The Base and Rover must be re-configured after updating.
- Do not have more than one application board connected to your computer while updating.



### **Configuring the Base Station**

The two boards are identical. Select one board to act as a "Base Station".

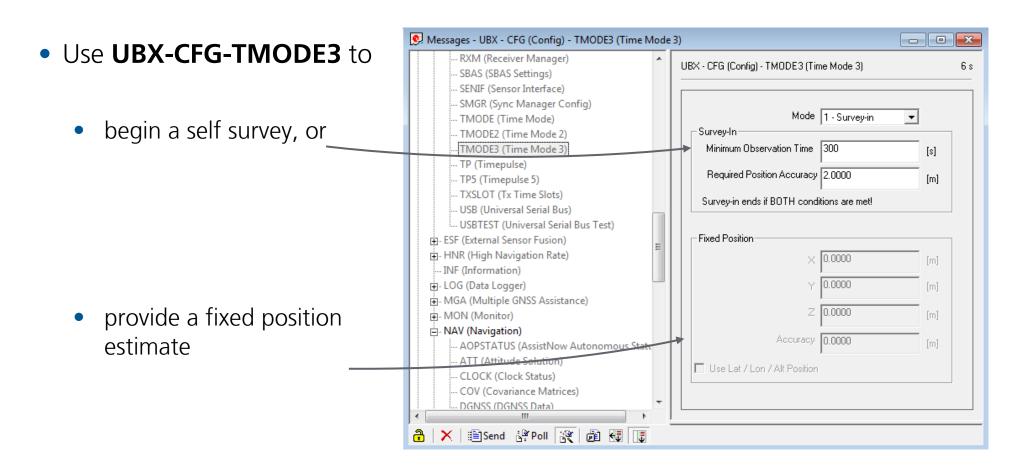
The next slides will guide you through the steps needed to configure the Base Station

There are three steps to configure the Base Station:

- 1. Set the position, by having the Base Station do one of the following:
  - a) survey-in its coordinates
  - b) be configured with pre-surveyed coordinates
- 2. Set-up the port for the Radio Link for Port configuration
- 3. Select RTCM messages for transmission



### **Step 1 – The Base Station Coordinates**

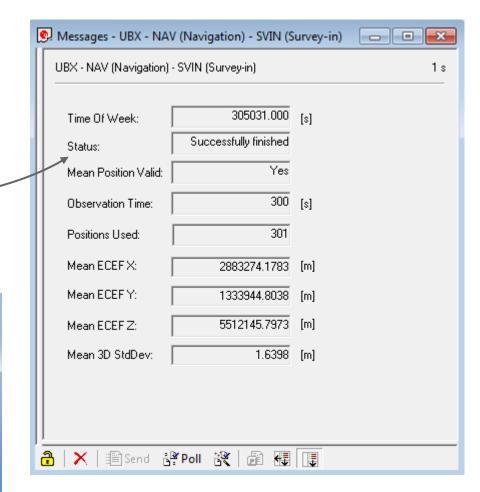




### **Step 1 – The Base Station Coordinates**

- The UBX-NAV-SVIN message allows you to **monitor the survey-in** process.
- Self survey finishes when the accuracy and time limit are satisfied

Data View Longitude Latitude Altitude 44.544 m TTFF Fix Mode 3D Acc. [m] 1.64 2D Acc. [m] Station indicates its PDOP Fix Mode as "TIME" HDOP Satellites

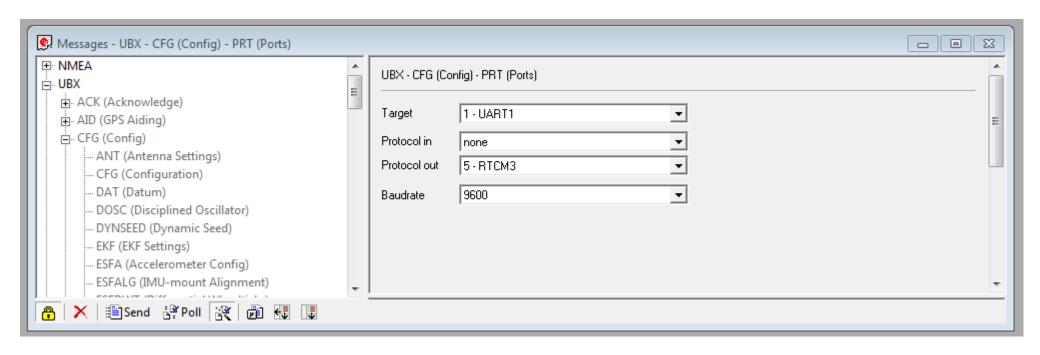




An operating Base

## **Step 2 – Base Station Radio Link**

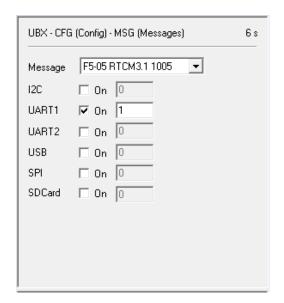
Use UBX-CFG-PRT to specify that only RTCM3 data are output on UART1

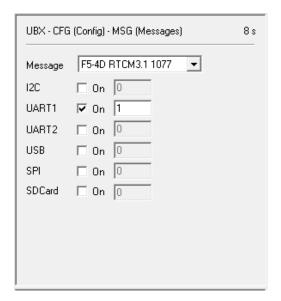


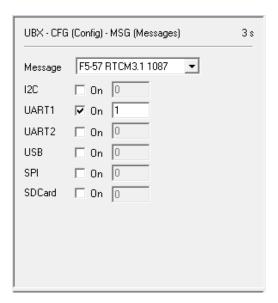


### **Step 3 – Selecting RTCM messages**

- Use UBX-CFG-MSG to specify that these three RTCM3 messages are output on UART1
  - 1005 (Station coordinates)
  - 1077 (GPS observations), and
  - 1087 (GLONASS observations)









#### **Rover Setup Overview**

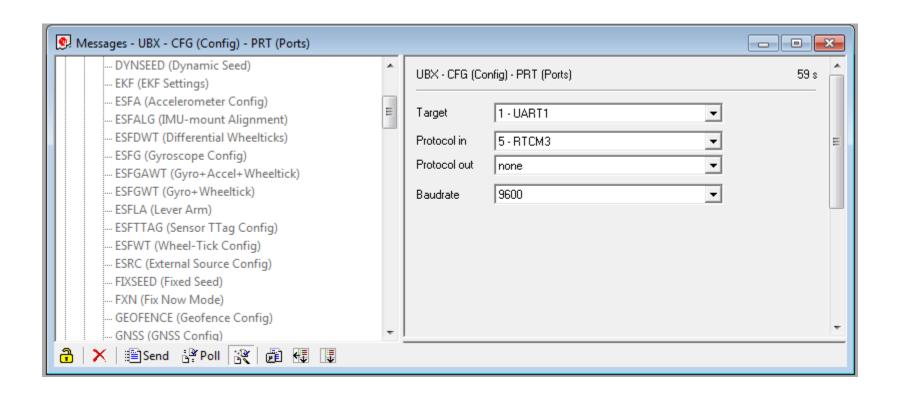
- Steps needed to set up the Rover
  - 1. Configure radio link

A Rover that receives RTCM messages will automatically go into RTK operational mode, and no further configurations are needed.



#### **Step 1 – Rover end Radio Link**

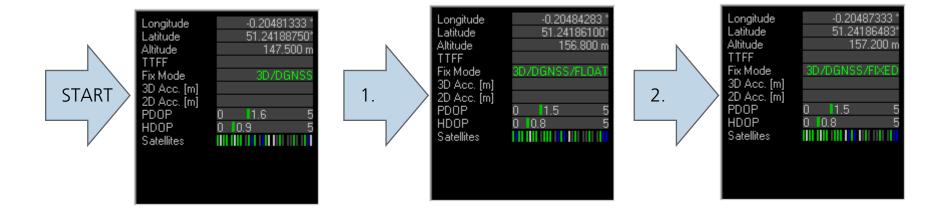
• Use UBX-CFG-PRT to ensure that UART1 is setup to receive RTCM3 corrections, and that no data is sent out (Protocol out: "none").





#### **Rover Operation**

- A Rover that receives RTCM corrections will automatically apply these and will:
  - immediately go into an RTK FLOAT mode,
  - 2. go into RTK FIXED mode once it has resolved the carrier ambiguities





#### **Important Note on Antennas**

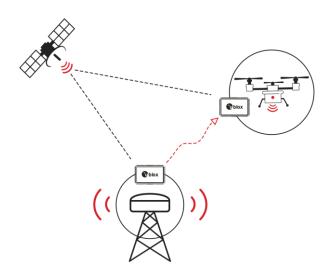
- RTK technology depends on continuous carrier phase tracking, and therefore it is most important that:
  - Rover and Base antennas use ground planes
    - The roof of a car can serve as an excellent ground plane when the patch antenna is placed in the middle of the roof
  - Base antennas are placed in unobstructed environments
    - Also rover antenna placement options should be carefully examined for each application
- Working in difficult environments and/or without ground planes will make convergence times long
- See White Paper "Centimeter Navigation with Low Cost Antennas" (UBX-16010559) published on the u-blox website for more information





#### **Notes on Usage**

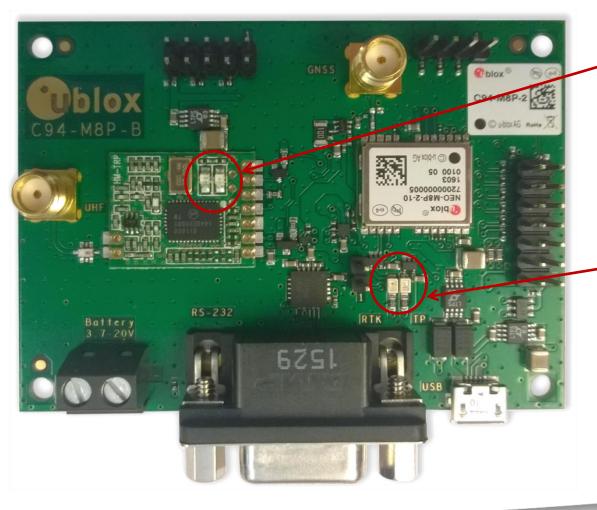
The C94-M8P kit contains two boards configured to work as a pair



• The default radio configuration supports one Base station transmitting to one Rover, and no other Base stations must be transmitting in the area. For other setups, please refer to the User Guide.



#### Notes on the LEDs



- Red LED blinking when the radio module is transmitting
- Green LED blinking when radio module ready to receive and on when link established

- Blue LED blinking when there is a GNSS position fix (TIMEPULSE)
- Yellow LED indicates RTK status:
  - blinking indicates Float
  - on indicates Fixed ambiguity states



#### **More Information**

- Product website: https://www.u-blox.com/en/product/c94-m8p
- C94-M8P User Guide (UBX-15031066)
  - C94-M8P-1-00 for China (433 MHz)
  - C94-M8P-2-00 for USA and Canada (915 MHz)
  - C94-M8P-3-00 for Europe (433 MHz)
- C94-M8P User Guide PCB version D (UBX-16016235)
  - C94-M8P-3-10 for Europe (433 MHz)
  - C94-M8P-4-10 for Japan (920 Mhz)
  - A RF-shield is attached on the top of the radio module and a plastic enclosure is attached on the top of the GNSS module in C94-M8P-3-10 and C94-M8P-4-10
- Connectors differ on -00 and -10 variants

